FUNCTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN MENTAL HEALTH AND SOCIAL CAPITAL IN VICTIMS OF ARMED CONFLICT AND PEOPLE IN POVERTY

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Abstract

This paper informs an investigation which had as objective to establish the functional relationships between mental health and social capital in people who have been victims of forced displacement in the context of the armed conflict, and people in poverty conditions. The social capital is understood from the proposal of Putnam (1993), such as the commitment that occurs between actors and social groups where there are networks and standards that facilitate collaboration, the commitment and confidence; through which you can set changes. For the present study, account is taken of the observable variables, measures through the Barometer of Social Capital developed by Sudarsky (2007) and worked in the third measurement of social capital in 2011, in the report presented by Hurtado, García, and Copete (2013), which gives an account of three factors: Solidarity, consolidation of groups and the construction of social fabric (Ksocial), institutional trust and social control (Confie) and credibility in sources of non-validated information (Fenoval).

Keywords

Capital social, Desplazamiento forzado, Forced displacement, Functional relationships, Mental health, Modelos de ecuaciones estructurales, Pobreza, Poverty, Salud mental, Social capital, Structural equation models